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MEDIUM

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SUB CODE : Turbo Test TEST NO. : Turbo Test - 1

DATE : 15/09/2025

BATCH : Group 1 MAINS Test Batch

START TIME : 12.00pm END TIME : 1.30pm

SUBMITTED TIME : 15/09/25

SCORING

MARKS	VALUATION I	VALUATION II
10 MARKS		
15 MARKS		
TOTAL		

RATING SCALE

	AVERAGE	GOOD	VERY GOOD	EXCELLENT
1. CONTENT				
2. STRUCTURE & PRESENTATION				
3. HANDWRITING & NEATNESS				
4. UNDERLINING & SPACING				

5. COMMENTS

DIRECTOR

Q.No.
1

What is the significance of WAVES for India's Soft power.

வினா / ANSWER

Introduction:

The WAVES Summit 2025 (World Audio Visual & Entertainment Summit) was a global summit inaugurated by Prime Minister of India.

Event Details:

Held from May 1-4, 2025

Location: Jio World Convention Centre, Mumbai

Organizer: Ministry of Information and Broadcasting

Key Initiatives:

Create in India Challenge:

A nation wide competition to discover and nurture emerging creative talent.

Global Creatosphere:

A dedicated exhibition and networking space will be created.

WAVES Bazaar & Exhibition:

An interactive marketplace for companies to display their products & services.

WAVES as Soft Power

- (1) WAVES summit could be seen as showcasing India's cultural richness and creative potential globally.
- (2) Building bridges with international media & entertainment stakeholders.
- (3) Empowering Indian creators to reach global markets
- (4) Positioning India strategically in the global creative economy.

Thus Waves can be seen as a platform for boosting orange economy (refers to economy based on creativity, culture, knowledge & intellectual property).

Q.No.
2

Examine the key strategies adopted under the National Manufacturing Mission.

விடை / ANSWER

Introduction:

India's manufacturing sector stands as a symbol of self-reliance and progress. It's an another leap towards making India a manufacturing hub.

Formulation:

Government of India launched the mission in the Union budget with an outlay of 100 crores aimed at boosting innovation, competition, capacity building across sectors.

Key focal points:

1. Ease of cost of doing business
2. Future-ready work force
3. Vibrant dynamic MSME Sector
4. Availability of Technologies

Strategies adopted under the mission:

(1) Production linked incentives scheme (PLI)

It offers financial incentives to companies to boost domestic manufacturing.

(2) Defence manufacturing from Importer to Exporter

Through this mission, India aims to reduce defence imports and making India an exporter of defence equipments.

(3) Electronics and mobile manufacturing

India has evolved rapidly into a major centre for electronics production.

National Semiconductor Mission 2021,
Make in India are the examples

(4) FDI in Manufacturing, Pharma & Medical manufacturing are other areas of focus.

India aiming at becoming a manufacturing hub will be a global player in the supply-chain economy.

Q.No.
3

Write a note on India's Semiconductor Mission

விடை / ANSWER

Semiconductors:

A semiconductor is a material such as Silicon with electrical conductivity between a conductor and an insulator allowing for controlled flow of electricity.

Significance:

Backbone of modern electronics
Enables smaller, faster, energy efficient devices
Essential for computing, communication, defence, healthcare and renewable energy.

Applications:

Found in transistors, diodes, ICs and micro-processors, solar cells, LEDs
Supports industries, telecom, automobile etc.

India on semiconductors:

Semiconductor Mission Launched on
15-Dec-2021 by Honorable PM

First Semicon Conference was held
in Apr 2022 in Bengaluru

Semicon India programme launched to boost manufacturing.

India aims to reduce import dependency, promotes self-reliance.

Incentives are provided for fab, design units and Research & Development.

India foresees partnering with global firms to adopt state-of-art technology.

Ex: Tata electronics signing MoU with Powerchip semicon manufacturing corporation, Taiwan.

Conclusion:

India's Semicon mission is designed to assist India's initiatives of 'Self-reliance India', 'Make in India' and also provides employment reducing the unemployment rate.

Q.No.
4

what are the key highlights of G7 Summit 2025.

விடை / ANSWER

Group 7

Group of Seven is an Intergovernmental, Political economical forum.

member countries:

Canada, France, Germany, Japan, The UK, Italy & The USA.

Establishment:

Founded in 1975, this year marking the 50 years of creation.

Highlights of G7 2025 Summit:

Host country: Canada

51st Summit

G7 Summit 2025 is generally called Kananaskis Summit, a place in Canada where summit was held.

(1) Wildlife Charter

It committed to addressing wildlife threats through science-based local actions.

(2) Critical mineral action plan:

It focuses on diversifying critical mineral production

(3) The G7 also committed to strengthening the world bank-led resilient and inclusive supply chain Enhancements (RISE)

India & G7:

Prime Minister of India participated in the G7 Summit 2025 as an outreach country. His address was on 'Energy Security, diversification, tech & infrastructure to ensure access'.

Though India not being a member of G7, it has been invited as an outreach country for the past 8 years.

Q.No.
11

Self Respect movement : Objectives and Achievements.

விடை / ANSWER

Introduction :

The self-respect movement advocated a casteless society devoid of rituals and differences based on birth. The movement declared rationality and self-respect as the birth right of all human beings.

Foundation Stone :

Periyar E.V. Ramasamy (1879-1973) was the founder of Self-Respect Movement in 1925. Having been born in a wealthy family Periyar advocated for the upliftment of downtrodden.

Circumstances led to Self Respect Movement :

(1) Periyar's experience in Varanasi and in other religious places.

(2) INC Incidence :

As a president of Tamil Nadu Congress Committee, Periyar proposed a resolution regarding the right of Untouchables to temple entry.

(3) Vaikom Temple Entry Movement

In the name of caste-dharma, lower-caste people were denied entry to access to temple entry in Vaikom.

After the arrest of George Joseph, Periyar led the movement. He was then called Vairikom Virar (Hero of Vairikom)

(4) Chandradeni Gurukulam incidence:

Periyar was disheartened by the caste based discrimination in the dining hall at the Chandradeni Gurukulam school.

Objectives of SRM:

1. To eradicate caste-based discrimination and establish social equality.
2. To promote rationalism and critical thinking, instead of blind belief in religion.
3. To encourage inter-caste and self-respect marriages without priests.
4. To challenge Brahminical dominance in politics, religion, administration.

5.

Achievements of SRM:

1. Spread of rationalist thought, weakening the influence of caste orthodoxy.
2. Promotion of Self-Respect marriages (later legalised by the Madras presidency government in 1967).

3. Enhanced status of women through the advocacy of widow remarriage, property rights and education.

Consequently, In 1989, Tamil Nadu introduced Hindu Succession Tamil Nadu act of 1989 which ensured equal rights in property for women.

4. Increased political participation of non-Brahmins
Laying foundation for Dravidian movement

The Self-Respect movement also included Muslims. It praised the principles of Islam such as equality and brotherhood.

Q.No.
12

Compare and Contrast the key features of National Education Policy 2020 and the TN State education Policy.

விடை / ANSWER

Introduction:

The national education policy 2020 was released on 29-July-2020. It marks the India's first education policy in 21st century.

The first national education policy was announced in 1968 by the then Indira Gandhi Government.

Proposed TN state education policy 2025:

Tamil Nadu state education policy 2025 is a reaffirmation of state's deep-rooted commitment to social equality in education and a bold stride into the future.

Education policies reflect the Goal 4 of Sustainable Development Goals

National Education Policy 2020 Vs TN State Education Policy - an overview:

NEP 2020	TN State Policy
<u>(1) Language Policy</u>	
Three language formula (at least two Indian language + English)	Two language formula Tamil + English. Tamil being compulsory till class 10.
<u>Schooling structure</u>	
[5+3+3+4] model	Retains existing structure. does not adopt 5+3+3+4 model.
<u>Assessment/Exams</u>	
Public exams proposed for classes 3, 5, 8.	Rejects public exams for 3, 5, 8 standards. Abolishes Class 11 board exam.

Detention Policy
NEP 2020

TN State Policy

Detention Policy :

Allows retention with
remedial support

No-fail Policy till
8th standard.

Admissions to UG

Suggests common
entrance exams

UG admissions are
based on class-11 &
12th marks.

Early Childhood Education

Strong push for Universal
pre-primary education.

Less Emphasis is given
on restructuring Early
childhood Education.

Conclusion

Thus Tamil Nadu State education policy
which has been proposed, differs from
national education policy 2020 on
several aspects with the intend to
retain state's autonomy in framing
state's own education policy.

Q.No.
13

Write a detailed note on BRICS Summit 2025.

விடை / ANSWER

BRICS is a grouping of major emerging economies aimed at fostering cooperation representing a significant portion of global population and GDP.

Foundation:

Founded on 16-June-2009

Headquarters: Has no permanent headquarters.

member countries:

Originally contained Brazil, Russia, India and China.

After the joining of South Africa, the acronym BRICS was coined.

First summit:

First summit of BRICS was held in Yekaterinburg, Russia, since then BRICS summit is being held annually.

Current presidency:

Brazil assumed the chairmanship of BRICS for the year 2025

Main focus area of BRICS :

- (1) Economic Cooperation
- (2) People to People Exchange
- (3) Political & Security Cooperation.
- (4) Cooperation mechanism.

BRICS - 2025

17th summit

Held in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

Theme: Strengthening Global South Cooperation for a more inclusive and sustainable Governance.

Key highlights / Discussions :

- (1) Strengthening cooperation under three pillars
 - (a) Political & Security
 - (b) Economic & Financial
 - (c) Cultural & people to people exchange.

(2) Membership expansion:

Indonesia has now joined as an official member of BRICS. ~~turning 67 into~~

Also 11 new partner countries are welcomed.

(3) Climate Action & Sustainable Goals:

Strong reaffirmation was made toward the Paris agreement and on the principles of UNFCCC.

(4) Social Human & Cultural Development

Under this, Areas such as empowerment of youth and women. Inclusion of persons with disability.

India at BRICS Summit 2025:

India's presidency for the year 2026 was endorsed at the 2025 Summit. India looks forward to presenting its capabilities at the presidency.

Q.No.
14

விடை / ANSWER