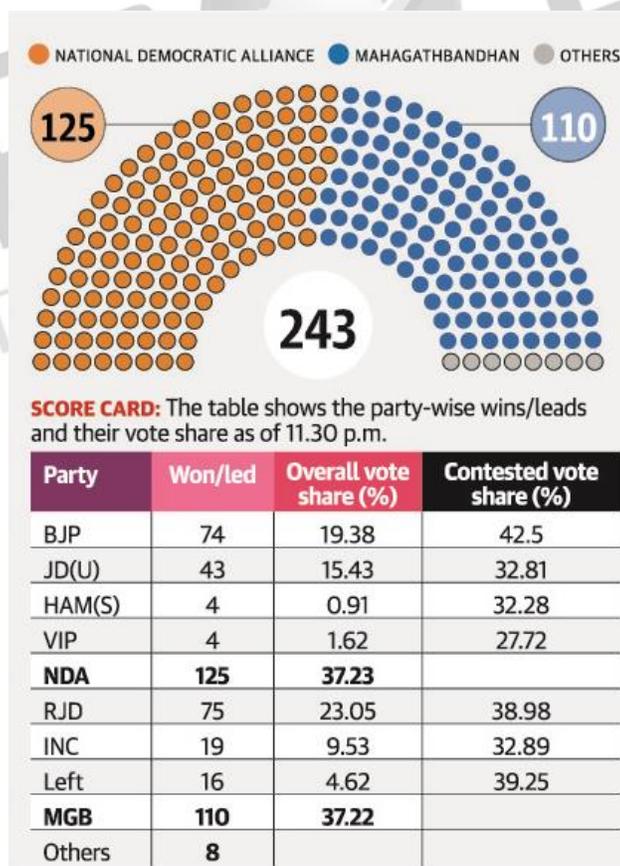


EVERYDAY CURRENT AFFAIRS-NOVEMBER 11, 2020

NATIONAL

- The National Democratic Alliance (NDA) - retains power in Bihar by bagging majority in the Bihar Assembly Election 2020
- ✓ On November 11, the Election commission of India announced election results for the 243 assembly seats in the state of Bihar.



- ✓ The NDA has won absolute majority winning 125 seats , with BJP winning 74 seats and the JDU bagging 43 seats

- ✓ Janata Dal (United)'s Nitish Kumar is set to be the Bihar Chief Minister again for the sixth term
 - ✓ The main opposition, Mahagathbandhan could only manage to get 110 seats.
 - ✓ Tejashwi Yadav-led Rashtriya Janata Dal (RJD) emerges as single largest party by winning a total of 75 seats.
 - ✓ The Congress could only manage to get 19 seats, while the Communist Party of India (Marxist-Leninist) (Liberation) surprisingly did extremely well by grabbing 12 seats out of 19 contested, in its first election as a RJD ally.
 - ✓ The Bihar Elections 2020 was held in three phases
 - ✓ The first phase covering 71 constituencies was held on October 28, second covering 94 constituencies was held on November 3rd and the third and the final phase covering 78 assembly constituencies was held on November 7.
- **The BJP and its allies – won 41 of the 59 seats at stake to sweep the byelections held in seven out of 11 states**
- ✓ The saffron party bagged 31 of these seats from Congress party

BYPOLLS 2020: RESULTS OF 59 SEATS

BJP'S BIG JOLT TO CONGRESS

State (Seats)	Results	Gains/ Losses
MP (28)	BJP 19 Cong 9	BJP +18, Cong -18
Gujarat (8)	BJP 8	BJP +8, Cong -8
UP (7)	BJP 6 SP1	Nil
Manipur (5)	BJP 4 Ind 1	BJP +4, Ind +1, Cong -5
Jharkhand (2)	Cong 1 JMM 1	Nil
Odisha (2)	BJD 2	BJD +1, BJP -1
Karnataka (2)	BJP 2	BJP +2, Cong -1, JD(S) -1
Nagaland (2)	NDPP 1 Ind 1	Ind +1 NPF -1
Telangana (1)	BJP 1	TRS -1, BJP +1
Haryana (1)	Cong 1	Nil
Chhattisgarh (1)	Cong 1	Cong +1, JCCI -1

- ✓ Out of this, BJP wrested 26 seats from Congress in Madhya Pradesh and Gujarat alone
- ✓ Manipur was the third state where BJP scored a near-perfect 4 in Congress strongholds

INTERNATIONAL

- **The word 'Lockdown' – is named as the Collins English Dictionary's word of the year**
- ✓ The dictionary defines the word as "the imposition of stringent restrictions on travel, social interaction, and access to public spaces."

OTHER KEY WORDS

Megxit: Withdrawal of UK's Prince Harry and his wife Meghan from royal duties

BLM (Black Lives Matter): Anti-racism movement went global. Word usage up 581%

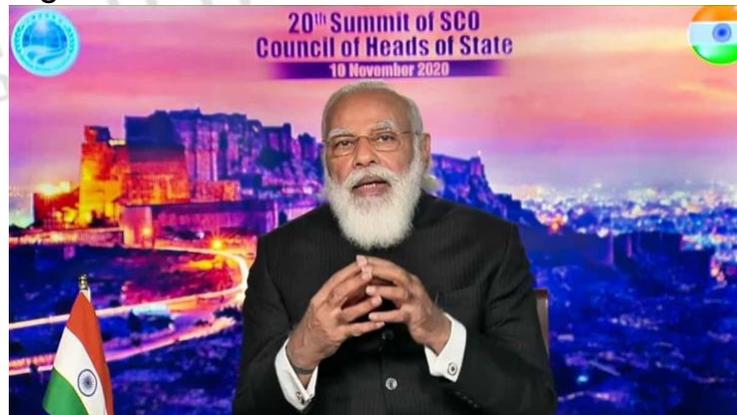
Mukbang (Korean): Webcast in which the host eats large quantity of food for viewers

TikToker: A person who regularly shares or appears in videos on TikTok

- ✓ The dictionary counted over a quarter of a million uses of the word this year, up from 4,000 in 2019 — a 6,000% increase in its usage.
- ✓ Considering the way the Covid-19 pandemic has affected the daily use of English language, six of Collins' 10 words of the year in 2020 are related to the global health crisis.
- ✓ "Coronavirus", "social distancing", "self-isolate", "key worker" and "furlough" were included in the longer list of 10 words of the year.
- ✓ The remaining four shortlisted words of the year included Megxit, BLM (Black Lives matter), Mukbang (Korean word) and TikTok

CONFERENCES & SUMMITS

- **On November 10, India - attended the 20th edition of the Shanghai Cooperation Organization Council of Heads of State Summit.**
- ✓ India was represented by Prime Minister Narendra Modi at the summit through video conferencing in New Delhi



- ✓ During his speech, PM Modi called for SCO member-states to respect each other's sovereignty and territorial integrity while taking measures to improve and deepen connectivity.
- ✓ The Prime Minister slammed Pakistan's effort to discuss bilateral issues in SCO group agenda, which is in violation of SCO Charter and Shanghai spirit.

- ✓ He mentioned that India's brave soldiers participated in about 50 UN peacekeeping missions and the country's pharma industry was supplying essential medicines to more than 150 countries during the pandemic.
- ✓ The Prime Minister highlighted India's strong cultural and historical connect with the SCO region
- ✓ He also reiterated India's firm commitment towards strengthening connectivity in the region with initiatives like International North-South Transport Corridor, Chabahar Port and Ashgabat Agreement
- ✓ The PM also expressed India's readiness to host the next meeting of the SCO council of heads of government on November 30, 2020 in a virtual format
- ✓ He also said in 2021, the National Museum of India will hold an exhibition on the Buddhist heritage of the SCO countries.
- ✓ It has to be recalled that, from 2021, India will take part in the UN Security Council as a non-permanent member.
- ✓ This is the first Shanghai Cooperation Organisation (SCO) Summit that is being held in the virtual format
- ✓ This is the third summit for India since it became a full member in 2017.
- ✓ India was an observer state at the SCO since 2005.
- ✓ Since 2017, the Indian delegation is being led by PM Modi at the summit.
- ✓ The summit was chaired by the Russian President Vladimir Putin.
- ✓ It is being attended by the Heads of States of all 8 SCO Member States- Russia, India, China, Pakistan, Kazakhstan, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan and Kyrgyzstan.
- ✓ During the summit, the leaders adopted Moscow Declaration.
- ✓ The Executive Director of the SCO RATS (Regional Anti-Terrorist Structure) made his presentations during the summit.
- ✓ The Summit also focused on issues such as Commemoration of 75th anniversary of World War II, Covid-19, digital economy and countering the spread of terrorism.
- ✓ The heads of four observer states such as Afghanistan, Iran, Mongolia and Belarus also participated in the summit.

PERSONALITIES

- **Wipro founder Azim Premji - topped the EdelGive Hurun India list of 'India's most generous' person**
- ✓ With donations of ₹7,904 crore in 2019-20, he surpassed Shiv Nadar and Mukesh Ambani.
- ✓ His donation amount witnessed a 17-fold jump from the ₹453 crore Premji donated in FY19.
- ✓ Shiv Nadar, the HCL founder who had topped the 'EdelGive Hurun India Philanthropy List' last year, came a distant second with donations of ₹795 crore.
- ✓ The primary cause for which Premji and Nadar donated the money was for the purpose of education.



- ✓ India's richest man Mukesh Ambani, CMD of Reliance Industries, was ranked at third place, after giving away ₹458 crore, mostly for disaster relief.
- ✓ Others in the top 10 include Kumar Mangalam Birla (₹276 crore), Vedanta founder Anil Agarwal (₹215 crore), Ajay Piramal (₹196 crore), Infosys co-founder Nandan Nilekani (₹159 crore), the Hinduja brothers (₹133 crore), Gautam Adani (₹88 crore) and Rahul Bajaj (₹74 crore).

SPORTS

- **On November 10, Mumbai Indians - won the Indian Premier League (IPL), 2020 Trophy for the fifth time.**
- ✓ The team has so far won the title in 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019 and 2020.
- ✓ In the final played in Dubai, Mumbai Indians defeated the Delhi Capitals by five wickets in a one-sided final

MUMBAI INDIANS' FIVE IPL TITLES

Year	Opponent	Venue	Winning margin
2013	Chennai Super Kings	Kolkata	23 runs
2015	Chennai Super Kings	Kolkata	41 runs
2017	Rising Pune Supergiants	Hyderabad	1 run
2019	Chennai Super Kings	Hyderabad	1 run
2020	Delhi Capitals	Dubai	5 wkts

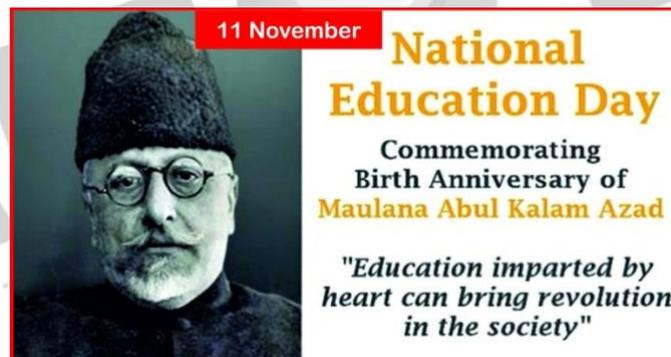
- ✓ Rohit Sharma was the captain of the team, for whom this was the fifth title as 'Captain' and sixth as a player in IPL
- ✓ Rohit is the first captain to hit two fifties in an IPL final, with the first came in 2015 vs Chennai.
- ✓ Mumbai Indians also became only the second team after Chennai Super Kings to win back-to-back titles
- ✓ It's the first time that MI have won a crown in an even year
- ✓ New Zealand speedster, Trent Boult was named as the Man of the Match in the final



- ✓ Boult took the first wicket of Delhi Capitals off the very first ball of the match, the first such instance in an IPL final
- ✓ Boult has taken 25 wickets at 18.28 runs in 15 matches, his best in an IPL season.
- ✓ The Mumbai Indians team is owned by Reliance Industries.

NATIONAL DAY

➤ National Education Day – November 11



- ✓ The day is celebrated to mark the birth anniversary of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the first Education Minister of India
- ✓ The day is also called Rashtriya Shiksha Diwas.
- ✓ In 2008, the Ministry of Human Resource Development announced November 11 as the National Education Day.
- ✓ The ministry was recently renamed as Ministry of Education.
- ✓ Maulana was born in Mecca, Saudi Arabia and his family later relocated to Calcutta to provide him better education.
- ✓ He served as the Education Minister of independent India between 1947 and 1958.
- ✓ During his tenure, he was one of the Congress leaders who established the National Education System.
- ✓ His primary focus was on providing free education to the country and believed that primary education should be conveyed only in mother-tongue

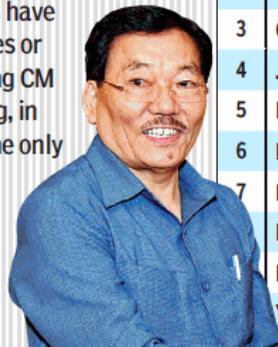
- ✓ He was awarded the Bharat Ratna in 1992 for his contribution in the field of education and for his service to the country as a freedom fighter.
- ✓ The contribution of the great leader, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, in building Indian Institute of Technology was remarkable.
- ✓ He was the one who laid the foundation of University Grants Commission.
- ✓ The Sangeet Natak Academy, Sahitya Academy and the Lalit Kala Academy were all established under his tenure as the Education Minister.
- ✓ Also, the Indian Council of Cultural Relations was established under his tenure.
- ✓ He started a weekly magazine in Urdu called Al-Hilal that criticised the British Government and its policies.
- ✓ After it was banned, he started another magazine called the "Al-Bagah".
- ✓ Following this, the British Government banned him under Defence of India Regulations, 1916.

LONGEST CM's TENURE - REPORT

Longest Ruling CMs

Just seven chief ministers have held office for two decades or longer. The longest serving CM has been Pawan Chamling, in the hill state of Sikkim. The only woman on the list is Jayalalithaa, who was Tamil Nadu CM for more than 21 years

*Still in office



	Chief Minister	State	Tenure	Terms
1	Pawan Kumar Chamling	Sikkim	24 yrs 5 mos	5 ●●●●●
2	Jyoti Basu	West Bengal	23 yrs 4 mos	5 ●●●●●
3	Gegong Apang	Arunachal	22 yrs 8 mos	5 ●●●●●
4	J Jayalalithaa	Tamil Nadu	21 yrs 3 mos	5 ●●●●●
5	Lal Thanhawla	Mizoram	21 yrs 1 mo	5 ●●●●●
6	Naveen Patnaik	Odisha	20 yrs 8 mos*	5 ●●●●●
7	Manik Sarkar	Tripura	20 years	4 ●●●●
	M Karunanidhi	Tamil Nadu	19 years	4 ●●●●
	Parkash Singh Badal	Punjab	18 yrs 11 mos	5 ●●●●●
	Yeshwant Singh Parmar	Himachal	18 years	4 ●●●●



	Chief Minister	State	Tenure	Terms
11	Mohan Lal Sukhadia	Rajasthan	16 yrs 6 mos	4 ●●●●
12	Pratapsingh Rane	Goa	15 yrs 10 mos	5 ●●●●●
13	SC Jamir	Nagaland	15 yrs 5 mos	5 ●●●●●
14	Tarun Gogoi	Assam	15 years	3 ●●●
15	Sheila Dikshit	Delhi	15 years	3 ●●●
16	Raman Singh	Chhattisgarh	15 years	3 ●●●
17	Bidhan Chandra Roy	West Bengal	14 years 6 mos	3 ●●●
18	Williamson Sangma	Meghalaya	14 yrs 5 mos	4 ●●●●
19	Nitish Kumar	Bihar	14 yrs 3 mos	4 ●●●●
	Bansi Lal	Haryana	14 yrs 3 mos	3 ●●●



BIHAR ASSEMBLY ELECTION WINNERS - REPORT

Poll Toppers Since 1951

Congress dominated Bihar's political landscape till the 1990 elections. It was only in 1967, 1969 and 1977 when it failed to form majority government. After 1990 came the era of Janata Dal followed by state parties such as Lalu's RJD and Nitish's JD(U)



YEAR	WINNER	SEATS	VOTE %	RUNNER-UP	SEATS	VOTE %
1951	Congress	239	41.4	Jharkhand Party	32	8.0
1957	Congress	210	42.1	Jharkhand Party	31	7.1
				Praja Socialist Party	31	16.0
1962	Congress	185	41.4	Swatantra Party	50	17.3
1967	Congress	128	33.1	Sanghata Socialist Party	68	17.6
1969	Congress	118	30.5	Samyukta Socialist Party	52	13.7
1972	Congress	167	33.1	CPI	35	6.9
1977	Janata Party	214	42.7	Congress	57	23.6
1980	Congress	169	34.2	Janata Party (Secular)	42	15.6

Total seats in 1951: 330 | 1957-72: 318 | 1977-2000: 324 | Since 2005: 243

YEAR	WINNER	SEATS	VOTE %	RUNNER-UP	SEATS	VOTE %
1985	Congress	196	39.3	Lok Dal	46	14.7
1990	Janata Dal	122	25.6	Congress	71	24.8
1995	Janata Dal	167	28.0	BJP	41	13.0
2000	RJD	124	28.3	BJP	67	14.6
2005	RJD	75	25.1	Janata Dal (U)	55	14.6
2005	Janata Dal (U)	88	20.5	BJP	55	15.7
2010	Janata Dal (U)	115	22.6	BJP	91	16.5
2015	RJD	80	18.6	Janata Dal (U)	71	16.6